Zhermack S.p.a		Revision nr. 2
		Dated 07/11/2016
C207000, C207080		Printed on 11/11/2016
HYDRORISE LIGHT	NORMAL SET - BASE	
		Page n. 1/13
	Safety data sheet	
SECTION 1. Identification of the subs	stance/mixture and of the company/under	taking.
1.1. Product identifier.		
Code:	C207000, C207080 HYDRORISE LIGHT NORMAL SET - BASE	
Product name.	HTDRORISE LIGHT NORMAL SET - BASE	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or m		
Intended use. For professional use	only. Addition silicone for dental impression.	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet		
Name. Full address.	Zhermack S.p.a Via Bovazecchino 100	
District and Country.	45021 Badia Polesine (RO)	
	Italy Tel. +39 0425-597611	
	Fax. +39 0425-597689	
e-mail address of the competent person.		
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet.	msds@zhermack.com	
<u>1.4. Emergency telephone number.</u> For urgent inquiries refer to.	0039 0425597611	
SECTION 2. Hazards identification.		
2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.		
	e provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) neet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907.	
	and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of t	
Hazard classification and indication:		
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity	, H412 Harmful to aquatic life with	long lasting effects.
category 3		
2.2. Label elements.		
The Derived in EC 4070/2000, an election labell		
	ng and packaging of substances and mixtures (CLP), shall man body according to art. 5.1, letter d). Therefore the produ	
requirements. Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements	
Hazard pictograms:		
Signal words:		

C207000, C207080 HYDRORISE LIGHT NORMAL SET - BASE

Revision nr. 2

Dated 07/11/2016 Printed on 11/11/2016

Page n. 2/13

Hazard statements:

H412

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P273

Avoid release to the environment.

2.3. Other hazards.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

There is no exposure to breathable free crystalline silica during normal use of this product. For more information see section 11.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.

3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant.

3.2. Mixtures.

Contains:

Contains.		
Identification.		Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).
CRISTOBALITE		
CAS. 14464-46-1	10 ≤ x < 20	STOT RE 1 H372
EC. 238-455-4		
INDEX		
DIMETHYLHYDROGENPOLYDIMETHYLSILOXANE CAS. 70900-21-9	3≤x< 5	Flam. Liq. 3 H226
EC		
INDEX		
POLYALKYLENEOXIDE MODIFIED HEPTAMETHYLTRISILOXANE		
CAS. 27306-78-1	2,5 ≤ x < 4,5	Acute Tox. 4 H332, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411
EC		
INDEX		
OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE		
CAS. 556-67-2	$0 \le x < 0,2$	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Repr. 2 H361f, Aquatic Chronic 4 H413
EC. 209-136-7		
INDEX. 014-018-00-1		

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures.

Revision nr. 2

Dated 07/11/2016 Printed on 11/11/2016

C207000, C207080 HYDRORISE LIGHT NORMAL SET - BASE

Page n. 3/13

4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash immediately with plenty of water. If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. In the event of breathing difficulties, get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person, unless authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown. For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.

5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

C207000, C207080 HYDRORISE LIGHT NORMAL SET - BASE

Revision nr. 2

Dated 07/11/2016 Printed on 11/11/2016

Page n. 4/13

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. If the product is flammable, use explosion-proof equipment. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s).

See section 1.2.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

8.1. Control parameters.

Regulatory References:

BEL Belgique

AR du 11/3/2002. La liste est mise à jour pour 2010

Zhermack S.p.a		sion nr. 2 J 07/11/2016	
	HYDRORIS	SE LIGHT NORMAL SET - BASE	ed on 11/11/2016 n. 5/13
DNK FRA HUN IRL ITA NLD SWE	Danmark France Magyarország Éire Italia Nederland Sverige TLV-ACGIH	Graensevaerdier per stoffer og materialer JORF n°0109 du 10 mai 2012 page 8773 texte n° 102 50/2011. (XII. 22.) NGM rendelet a munkahelyek kémiai bi Code of Practice Chemical Agent Regulations 2011 Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81 Databank of the social and Economic Concil of Netherland AF 2011:18 Occupational Exposure Limit Values, AF 2011:18 ACGIH 2016	J. J

CRISTOBALITE

Threshold Limit Value.						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
VLEP	BEL	0,05				RESP.
TLV	DNK	0,15				RESP.
VLEP	FRA	0,05				RESP.
AK	HUN	0,15				RESP.
OEL	IRL	0,1				RESP.
VLEP	ITA	0,05				(USA-NIOSH)
MAC	NLD	0,075				RESP.
MAK	SWE	0,05				RESP.
TLV-ACGIH		0,025				

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category III professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Revision nr. 2

Dated 07/11/2016 Printed on 11/11/2016

C207000, C207080 HYDRORISE LIGHT NORMAL SET - BASE

water

Page n. 6/13

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type B filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance	viscous fluid
Colour	pink
Odour	Vanilla-Mint
Odour threshold.	Not available.
pH.	Not available.
Melting point / freezing point.	Not available.
Initial boiling point.	Not available.
Boiling range.	Not available.
Flash point.	Not available.
Evaporation Rate	Not available.
Flammability of solids and gases	Not available.
Lower inflammability limit.	Not available.
Upper inflammability limit.	Not available.
Lower explosive limit.	Not available.
Upper explosive limit.	Not available.
Vapour pressure.	Not available.
Vapour density	Not available.
Relative density.	Not available.
Solubility	insoluble in wa
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature.	Not available.
Decomposition temperature.	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Explosive properties	Not available.
Oxidising properties	Not available.

9.2. Other information.

Information not available.

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability.

C207000, C207080 HYDRORISE LIGHT NORMAL SET - BASE

Revision nr. 2

Dated 07/11/2016

Printed on 11/11/2016

Page n. 7/13

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.4. Conditions to avoid.

Protect against heat, solar radiation and light.

10.5. Incompatible materials.

Information not available.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

Information not available.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

ACUTE TOXICITY.

LC50 (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: 380,623 mg/l

- LC50 (Inhalation mists / powders) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component).
- LD50 (Oral) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component).
- LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component).

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class. SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class. RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class. GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class. CARCINOGENICITY. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class. REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class. STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class. STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class. ASPIRATION HAZARD.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

Revision nr. 2 Zhermack S.p.a Dated 07/11/2016 Printed on 11/11/2016 C207000, C207080 **HYDRORISE LIGHT NORMAL SET - BASE** Page n. 8/13 POLYALKYLENEOXIDE MODIFIED HEPTAMETHYLTRISILOXANE LD50 (Oral).> 2000 mg/l (rat, MSDS supplier). LD50 (Dermal).> 2000 mg/l (rat, MSDS supplier) LC50 (Inhalation).2 mg/l (rat, 4h, MSDS supplier) Irritation/Corrosion Skin irritation: Not irritating (Rat, MSDS supplier). Eye irritation : Strongly irritating (Rabbit, MSDS supplier). Sensitization : negative (Guinea Pig, MSDS supplier). STOT- Repeated/ Single exposure: No data available. Genotoxicity in vitro: No data available. Genotoxicity in vivo: No data available. Carcinogenicity: No data available. Toxicity to reproduction: No data available. OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE LD50 (Oral).> 2000 mg/kg (rat, ECHA dossier) LD50 (Dermal).> 2000 mg/kg (similar to OECD 402, rat, ECHA dossier). LC50 (Inhalation).36 mg/I (OECD 403, GLP, rat, 4 h, ECHA dossier). Irritation/Corrosion Skin irritation: Not irritating (OECD 404, rabbit, ECHA dossier). Eye irritation: Not irritating (OECD 405, rabbit, ECHA dossier). Respiratory or skin Sensitization: Not sensitizing (OECD 406, ECHA dossier). STOT - Repeated exposure: NOAEC=150 ppm (OECD 453, rat, inhalation, ECHA dossier). Genotoxicity in vitro: Negative (OECD 476; ECHA dossier). Genotoxicity in vivo: Negative (OECD 475; OECD 486; rat, ECHA dossier). Carcinogenicity: NOAEL=150 ppm (male) and NOAEL=700 ppm (female) (OECD 453, rat, inhalation, ECHA dossier). Toxicity to reproduction: Possible toxic for reproduction (OECD 416, glp, rat, ECHA dossier). Aspiration toxicity: No data available. CRISTOBALITE LD50 (Oral).> 2000 mg/kg (OECD 401, rat, MSDS supplier) LC50 (Inhalation).> 2,6 mg/l (OECD 403, rat, MSDS supplier) Irritation/Corrosion Skin irritation: Not irritating (MSDS supplier). Eye irritation: Not irritating (MSDS supplier). Sensitization: Not sensitizing (MSDS supplier). Mutagenicity: No data available. Carcinogenicity: No data available. Toxicity to reproduction: No data available. STOT Repeated Exposure: In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However it pointed out that not all industrial circumstances, nor all crystalline silica types, were to be incriminated (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France). In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk ... " (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003). There is a body of evidence supporting the fact that increased cancer risk would not be limited to people already suffering from silicosis. According to the current state of the art, worker protection against silicosis can be consistently assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits. Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (total and respirable) and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

"For the purposes of classification of health hazards (part 3), the route of exposure, information on mechanisms and metabolism studies are useful for determining the relevance of effects in humans. If this information raises doubts as to their relevance in humans, in spite of the indisputable data legitimacy and quality, a lower classification may be justified. When there is scientific evidence that the mechanism or mode of action is not relevant to humans, the substance or mixture should not be classified (annex I, section 1.1.1.5, EC Regulation 1272/2008)".

Monitoring activities conducted at the company related to possible inhalation exposure, in accordance with industrial hygiene standards for paste and fluid products, showed levels of exposure to free crystalline silica (breathable part) below the limit of quantification of the method, therefore exposure is not expected during the use indicated in section 1.2 for this specific product.

However, the actual levels of free crystalline silica (breathable part) present in the workplace must be obtained through monitoring as required by regulations for the safety and health of workers.

SECTION 12. Ecological information.

Revision nr. 2

Dated 07/11/2016 Printed on 11/11/2016

C207000, C207080 HYDRORISE LIGHT NORMAL SET - BASE

Page n. 9/13

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment. <u>12.1. Toxicity.</u>

POLYALKYLENEOXIDE MODIFIED HEPTAMETHYLTRISILOXANE LC50 - for Fish. EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants.	6,8 mg/l/96h (Zebrafish, MSDS supplier) 32 mg/l/72h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, 96 h, MSDS supplier)
OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE	
LC50 - for Fish.	> 0,0044 mg/l (publication, Oncorhynchus mykiss, GLP, ECHA dossier).
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants.	> 0,0022 mg/l/72h (EPA OTS 797.1050, Selenastrum capricornutum, freshwater, ECHA dossier).
Chronic NOEC for Fish.	> 0,0044 mg/l (publication, Oncorhynchus mykiss, GLP, ECHA dossier).

12.2. Persistence and degradability.

POLYALKYLENEOXIDE MODIFIED HEPTAMETHYLTRISILOXANE NOT rapidly biodegradable.

CRISTOBALITE

NOT rapidly biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

POLYALKYLENEOXIDE MODIFIED HEPTAMETHYLTRISILOXANE LogPow > 3,28.

12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects.

Information not available.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.

Revision nr. 2

Dated 07/11/2016 Printed on 11/11/2016

C207000, C207080 HYDRORISE LIGHT NORMAL SET - BASE

Page n. 10/13

13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information.

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

14.1. UN number.

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name.

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es).

Not applicable.

14.4. Packing group.

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards.

Not applicable.

14.6. Special precautions for user.

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code.

Revision nr. 2

Dated 07/11/2016 Printed on 11/11/2016

C207000, C207080 HYDRORISE LIGHT NORMAL SET - BASE

Page n. 11/13

Information not relevant.

SECTION 15. Regulatory information.

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC:

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006.

Product.

None.

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH).

None.

Substances subject to authorisarion (Annex XIV REACH).

None.

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None.

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None.

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

Healthcare controls.

Information not available.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment.

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

SECTION 16. Other information.

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, category 3
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity, category 2
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1

C207000, C207080 **HYDRORISE LIGHT NORMAL SET - BASE**

Revision nr. 2

Dated 07/11/2016 Printed on 11/11/2016

Page n. 12/13

STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
Aquatic Chronic 4	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 4
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- **OEL: Occupational Exposure Level**
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
 WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EU) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament - The Merck Index. - 10th Edition

C207000, C207080 **HYDRORISE LIGHT NORMAL SET - BASE**

Revision nr. 2

Dated 07/11/2016

Printed on 11/11/2016

Page n. 13/13

- Handling Chemical Safety

INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)

Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology

N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition

- ECHA website

Note for users:

A safety data sheet is not required for this product under article 31 of Regulation 1907/2006/EC. This safety data sheet has been created on a voluntary basis.

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses. Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified: 01 / 02 / 03 / 04 / 08 / 09 / 11 / 12 / 14 / 15 / 16.